

International English Language Competition

Grade

Grand Finale 2024-25

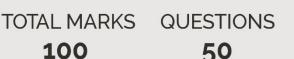
ECAT Question Paper

NEA025

Return the answer sheet along with question paper to the invigilator at the end of the exam.









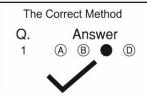
50



DURATION 60 mins

Instructions for Student:

- ⇒ Read the question carefully before answering.
- ⇒ Each question has 4 options (A, B, C & D).
- ⇒ Choose one correct option as your answer, from the 4 options.
- Every question carries 2 marks.
- → There will be an additional 0.5 Negative Marking for every wrong answer.
- ◆ On the answer sheet blacken the correct option against the corresponding question number,



The Wrong Methods							
Q.		Ans					
1	A			(D)			
1	A	B		(D)			
1	A	$^{\otimes}$	\otimes	(D)			
1	A	B	\otimes	(D)	•		

- Use pencil to mark your answer.
- ⇒ If you wish to change your answer, erase the previous mark completely.

For	questions	1 to	25,	choose	the	correct	alternative.
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1.	Which of the following is a clause?a. the boy had a dreamc. passing through the tunnel		clever and intelligent girl through thick and thin
2.	"The chirping birds kept me awake all night." Which part of the sentence is the predicate? a. kept me awake all night c. The chirping birds		all night kept me awake
3.	"The friendly cashier greeted me at the store." Which word is the adjective in the sentence? a. friendly c. cashier		greeted store
4.	"Stop eating so fast!" Identify the type of sentence. a. Declarative c. Imperative		Interrogative Assertive
5.	"Cover your mouth when you" Fill in the blank with the correct word. a. drive c. play		sneeze swim
6.	"The athlete ran, as if it was e Fill in the blank with the correct adverb. a. effortlessly c. recklessly	b.	gracefully heartily
7.	"Tina is selfish girl." Which is the correct article to use in the sentence a. a c. the	b.	an no article needed
8.	From the letters "lamp," which word can you for a. palm c. clam	b.	slam spam
9.	Which word can be made using all the letters of a. earth c. create	b.	word "heart"? hate truth
10.	Which word is spelled correctly? a. Priviledge c. Millennium		Harrasment Embarras

21. Choose the pair of words that are antonyms.

- a. beautiful and lovely
- c. delicious and scrumptious

- b. near and far
- d. brave and courageous

22. Choose the sentence with correct capitalisation.

- a. Last summer, we visited new york city.
- c. Last Summer, we visited New york city.
- b. Last summer, we visited New York City.
- d. Last summer, we visited New york City.

23. Choose the correctly punctuated sentence.

- a. What time is it.
- c. What time is it!

- b. What time is it?
- d. What time is it,

24. Which sentence uses an exclamation mark correctly?

- a. Hooray! We won the game.
- c. Watch out for the car.

- b. Please pass the salt pepper, and mustard.
- d. I bought apples oranges and bananas.

25. "A popular site to visit in Gujarat is the statue of unity."

Which choice corrects the mistake in the capitalisation in the sentence?

- a. Popular Site
- c. Popular

- b. Statue of Unity
- d. Gujarat

Observe the 'POSTER' and answer questions 26 to 30.



26. What should you do before going online?

- a. Ask a friend
- c. Go online anyway

- b. Ask an adult
- d. Wait until later

27. Who should you talk to while online?

- a. Anyone you meet
- c. Only people you know

- b. Strangers
- d. People from games only

28. What does it mean to "stick to websites right for you"?

- a. Visit any website
- b. Only visit social media sites
- c. Browse random websites
- d. Use websites that are meant for your age group

29. Why is it important to keep your password private?

- a. To protect your personal information
- b. So you can share it with friends
- c. To make it easier to remember
- d. So that others can help you log in

30. If you see something online that makes you uncomfortable, what should you do?

- a. Ignore it and keep browsing
- b. Share it with your friends
- c. Try to figure it out by yourself
- d. Talk to someone about it

Read the passage and answer questions 31 to 37.

Dorothy lived in the midst of the great Kansas prairies, with Uncle Henry, who was a farmer, and Aunt Em, who was the farmer's wife. Their house was small, for the lumber to build it had to be carried by wagon many miles. There were four walls, a floor and a roof, which made one room; and this room contained a rusty looking cooking stove, a cupboard for the dishes, a table, three or four chairs, and the beds. Uncle Henry and Aunt Em had a big bed in one corner, and Dorothy a little bed in another corner. There was no garret at all, and no cellar-except a small hole, dug in the ground, called a cyclone cellar, where the family could go in case one of those great whirlwinds arose, mighty enough to crush any building in its path. It was reached by a trap-door in the middle of the floor, from which a ladder led down into the small, dark hole.

31. Who did Dorothy live with?

- a. Her parents
- c. Her friends

- b. Uncle Henry and Aunt Em
- d. A neighbour

32. What type of house did Dorothy live in?

- a. A large mansion
- c. A small house

- b. A tall building
- d. A cottage

33. What was the purpose of the cyclone cellar?

- a. To go in case of a whirlwind
- c. To hide from animals

- b. To store food
- d. To keep toys

34. Which item was NOT mentioned as being in the room?

a. Cooking stove

b. Cupboard for dishes

c. Table

d. Refrigerator

35. What does "rusty looking cooking stove" suggest about the stove?

a. It is new and shiny.

b. It is old and not well maintained.

c. It is made of gold.

d. It is very expensive.

36. What does the passage imply about Uncle Henry's job?

a. He works in a city.

b. He is retired.

c. He is a teacher.

d. He is a farmer.

37. What does "mighty" suggest about the whirlwinds?

a. Very powerful and strong

b. Weak and gentle

c. Small and unimportant

d. Slow and calm

Read the given information and answer questions 38 to 45.

A garret is a special type of room that is usually located at the top of a house, often just under the roof. These rooms are often small and can sometimes be a bit uncomfortable. Garrets have a long history and are often associated with artists, writers, and students who need a quiet place to work or create. Traditionally, garrets were simple spaces where people could live or work without distractions. They might not have had much furniture or decoration, but they provided a private area for creativity and inspiration. Many famous writers and artists have worked in garrets, finding solitude and peace in these small spaces. For example, the famous author Vincent van Gogh lived in a garret while he painted many of his masterpieces.

Today, the idea of a garret has evolved. While traditional garrets are still found in older homes, many people create their own "garret" spaces in different places. For instance, someone might turn a corner of their bedroom into a cozy writing nook or use a quiet spot in a library as their creative space.

38. What is a garret?

- a. A large living room
- b. A special type of room at the top of a house
- c. A garden space
- d. A basement room

39. Who are traditionally associated with living or working in garrets?

- a. Artists, writers, and students
- b. Chefs and bakers
- c. Doctors and nurses
- d. Teachers and principals

40. What is one reason people like to use garrets or create similar spaces today?

- a. They want to have parties there.
- b. They want to watch TV.
- c. They prefer to sleep in them.
- d. They need a quiet place to work or create

41. Which statement best describes the theme of the passage?

- a. Creativity often flourishes in quiet, personal spaces.
- b. Garrets are only for famous people.
- c. Everyone should live in a garret.
- d. Garrets are uncomfortable places to live.

42. Based on the passage, how might a modern "garret" differ from a traditional garret?

- a. Modern garrets are always larger.
- b. Modern garrets have more furniture than traditional ones.
- c. Traditional garrets have more windows than modern ones.
- d. People might create their own cosy spaces in various locations instead of just in attics.

43. The passage mentions that many famous writers and artists found solitude in garrets.

What does the word solitude suggest about their experience in these spaces?

- a. They were lonely and unhappy.
- b. They enjoyed being alone, which helped their creativity.
- c. They preferred to work in groups.
- d. They were often disturbed by noise.

44. The author provides an example of Vincent van Gogh living in a garret while creating his masterpieces. What can we understand from this example?

- a. Many artists have benefited from working in quiet, personal environments like garrets.
- b. Garrets are only suitable for painting, not writing or other arts.
- c. Vincent van Gogh did not enjoy his time in the garret.
- d. Only famous artists can find inspiration in small spaces.

45. Which statement is true about creativity, based on the above passage?

- a. Creativity is only found in public places like libraries and cafes.
- b. Creativity requires large, elaborate spaces to thrive.
- c. Only traditional garrets can inspire creativity effectively.
- d. Creativity can flourish in any quiet space, regardless of size or location.

Read the given poem and answer questions 46 to 50.

Climbing Song

Away, away, — to the mountains away, Where the pine trees murmur and sway, And the foamy waterfalls sing and spring Over the boulders gray...

The hidden beauties will lure you on,
'Till your heart from its dreaming is drawn,
And your eyes are bright with the free delight
Known to the fearless fawn.

By Ruby Archer

46. In the line "Where the pine trees murmur and sway," what does "murmur" suggest?

- a. The trees are making a loud noise.
- b. The trees are whispering softly.

c. The trees are falling down.

d. The trees are dancing.

47. What does the phrase "the foamy waterfalls sing" imply about the waterfalls?

- a. They are making a loud sound.
- b. They are not flowing at all.
- c. They are very quiet
- d. They create a beautiful sound as they flow

48. Which word best describes the overall mood of the poem?

a. Joyful

b. Dark

c. Angry

d. Lonely

49. What might "the mountains away" represent in the poem?

a. A place far from home

b. An alien world

c. An escape into nature

d. A dangerous area

50. What is the main theme of the poem?

a. The beauty of nature.

b. The importance of friendship

c. The excitement of adventure.

d. The joy of family

